## Labcorp Oklahoma, Inc. Test Directory

## Bullous Pemphigoid 180 and 230 Antibody, IgG

Order Name: **B Pemph Ab** Test Number: 5194672 Revision Date: 02/05/2024

TEST NAME			METHODOLOGY	LOINC CODE
Bullous Pemphigoid 190 and 220 A				
Bullous Pemphigoid 180 and 230 Antibody, IgG			Enzyme immunoassay (EIA)	
SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS				
	Volume (min)	Specimen Type	Specimen Container	Transport Environment
Preferred 2 mL (1 m	L)	Serum	Clot Activator (SST or Red No-Gel)	Frozen
Specimen Specimen be repeate Specimen	cimen Type: Gel-Barrier Tube, Red-Top Tube, or Serum Transfer Tube cimen Storage: FROZEN at -20 degrees C cimen Collection: Serum samples may be stored for up to 8 hours at room temperature before freezing at -20 degrees C. Samples should not repeatedly frozen and thawed. cimen Stability: Ambient: Unstable, Refrigerated : Unstable, Frozen: 14 Days. (Freeze/thaw cycle: Stable x3) se for Rejection: Bacterial contamination, hemolysis, and lipemia.			
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Expected TAT 7	days			
m bi ta ei pr in th M in	This test is a preferred screening test for patients suspected to have bullous pemphigoid and its variants. The antibody levels can be used to monitor the effectiveness of drug treatment. The diverse spectrum of pemphigoid diseases is characterized by the formation of subepidermal blisters, which can develop in both the skin and mucous membranes. These conditions involve circulating autoantibodies that specifically target components found in the dermal-epidermal junction. Bullous pemphigoid (BP) presents with tense, swollen blisters that can appear on either inflamed or non-inflamed skin, with mucous membranes being rarely affected. The patient's serum contains IgG antibodies that primarily target hemidesmosomal proteins, namely BP180 and BP230. BP180 is a transmembrane glycoprotein with its primary immunogenic epitopes located in the extracellular 16th non-collagenous domain (BP180-NC16 A). Pemphigoid gestationis is a variant of BP that occurs in pregnant women and during the postpartum period, resulting in the development of urticarial plaques and/or tense blisters. Mucous membrane pemphigoid affects one or more mucous membranes such as the oral, ocular, genital and anal regions, and can also involve the skin. Patients with this condition exhibit low-titer IgG/IgA autoantibodies directed against components of the basement membrane zone, with BP180 and laminin 332 being the two primary targets.			
Performing Labcorp Test 10 Code	63995			
Notes	RESULT CODE 5194674 5194675	· · ·	nigoid Ag 2 Ab (BP180) nigoid Ag 1 Ab (BP230)	LOINC 53842-1 53843-9
CPT Code(s) 83	3516x2			
Lab Section R	eference Lab			